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1.1 Introduction

- Forests of Asia covers **549 million** ha and account for the **14% of the global forests** cover, plays a variety of ecosystems services for the **4.5 billion of people** or roughly **60% of the world population**.

- The forests of Asia play important roles in biodiversity conservation, provision of ecosystems services and global carbon balance.

Without proactive measures and concerted efforts from governments, developmental organizations, private sector and civil society organizations; forests of Asia are at risk of reduced capacity for climate adaptation and mitigation, limited provisions of ecosystems services, biodiversity loss and reduced economic growth potential.
AFoCO is a **treaty-based inter-governmental organization** that was adopted in 2015 and formalized in 2018. It has thirteen (13) Parties and two (2) Observers but soon three (3) with the entry of Kyrgyz Republic.

It was duly registered with the Secretariat of the **United Nations under Treaty Collection Number 55833 (Multilateral)**, and was granted **Permanent Observer Status** on December 15, 2020 at the 75th Session of the UN General Assembly. The Headquarters Agreement between the Republic of Korea and the AFoCO entered into force on July 2, 2021 under Treaty no. 2481.

It has two Principal Organs: **The Assembly** represented by the Heads of Forestry of the Party Members and **The Secretariat headed by the Executive Director** based in Seoul, Republic of Korea. **The AFoCO Regional Education and Training Center** in Myanmar is a Subsidiary Organ of the Secretariat.
Parties (13)
Bhutan
Brunei Darussalam
Cambodia
Indonesia
Kazakhstan
Lao PDR
Mongolia
Myanmar
Philippines
Republic of Korea
Thailand
Timor-Leste
Viet Nam

Observers (3)
Kyrgyzstan
Malaysia
Singapore
1.3 Vision & Mission

A greener Asia with resilient forests, landscapes, and communities

with mission to

strengthen cooperation in the forest sector and promote action-oriented practices of sustainable forest management through policy support, capacity development, and inclusive partnerships to address the adverse impacts of climate change.
1.4 Strategic Priorities 2019-2023

Initiating customized **restoration & reforestation models**
- Establishment of locally customized restoration and reforestation models in target communities;
- Adoption and application of such models in a balanced and integrated approach of forest landscape restoration for the benefits of target communities, natural habitats, and forest ecosystem.

Supporting research & development in **climate change adaptation approaches**
- Implementation of scientific studies on forestry adaptation approaches;
- Policy adoption of vulnerable member countries to apply relevant adaptation methodologies and approaches.

Introducing systematic management on **forest-related disasters**
- Establishment of demonstration sites for control and management of forest-related disasters;
- Application of technology-based perspective and control measures where appropriate.

Local livelihood improvement & community-based small enterprise development
- Identification and implementation of best practices on payments for ecosystems services, ecotourism, and community-based enterprise development in target areas;
- Promoting relevant policy adoption in target areas.

Strengthening **institutional capabilities**, diversifying **resources** & promoting **regional actions**
- Strengthening institutional capabilities to address diverse socio-economic settings among member parties;
- Expanding collaboration with other organizations.
AfoCO

1.5 Strategic Priorities and Grant Portfolio

PROJECT FUND DISTRIBUTION

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Value (USD)</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Total Project Value</td>
<td>62.7 M</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AFoCO Funding</td>
<td>34.9 M</td>
<td>56%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>National Contributions</td>
<td>27.8 M</td>
<td>44%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

AFoCO Funding includes:
- Funding from the Korea Forest Service
- Funding from other donors

% PROJECT VALUE BY PRIORITY AREA

- **PA1.** Initiating customized restoration & reforestation models
- **PA2.** Supporting R&D in climate change adaptation approaches
- **PA3.** Systematic management on forest-related disasters
- **PA4.** Local livelihood improvement & CBED
- **PA5.** Institutional capabilities, resources & regional actions
A. ACROSS DIFFERENT FOREST ECOSYSTEMS & FUNCTIONS

**TROPICAL & MANGROVE FORESTS**

Rehabilitation and Development of Mangrove Forest Ecosystem in Thai Binh Province, Viet Nam

**Duration:** 2016-2023
**AFoCO Budget:** USD 1,500,000
**Participating country:** Viet Nam
**Site description:** Thai Thuy & Tien Hai District, Thai Binh Province, Viet Nam

**DRYLANDS & DROUGHT-PRONE AREAS (SAXAUL)**

Investigation of the resistance of black saxaul (*Haloxylon aphyllum*) forms to gall-forming insects in Kazakhstan

**Duration:** 2020-2022
**AFoCO Budget:** USD 32,864
**Participating country:** Kazakhstan

**PRODUCTION & PROTECTION FOREST**

Rehabilitation and Restoration of Degraded Forest Ecosystems (RRR-DFE) in Mekong Basin Countries

**Duration:** May 2013 – 2015
**AFoCO Budget:** USD 500,000
**Participating countries:**
- Thailand (lead), Cambodia, Lao PDR, Myanmar, & Viet Nam
**Site description:** Mondulkiri Protection Forest (Cambodia), Xebangnouane Sub-Forest Management Area (SFMA) in Dongsithouane Production Forest Area, Savannakhet Province (Lao PDR), Pwe Hla Lake Watershed, Pindaya Township (Myanmar), Mae Yao Sub-watershed, Mae Kok Watershed (Thailand), Bidoup Nui Ba National Park, Lam Dong Province (Viet Nam)

**NATURAL & ARTIFICIAL FOREST**

*Pinus caribaea* Morelet for Plantation on Degraded Land in Viet Nam’s Northern Mountainous Region

**Duration:** 2020-2023
**AFoCO Budget:** USD 486,000
**Participating countries:** Viet Nam
**Site description:** Forest Science Centre of North-Eastern Viet Nam, Vinh Phuc Province

**DISTURBED TERRESTRIAL ECOSYSTEMS**

Performance of the Cluster Method in Rehabilitating Degraded Lands in Cambodia

**Duration:** 2021-2023
**AFoCO Budget:** USD 34,500
**Participating countries:** Cambodia

**DISTURBED TERRESTRIAL ECOSYSTEMS**

Promotion of Forest Rehabilitation through Demonstration Models and Improvement of Seed Supply System

**Duration:** 2015 – 2019
**AFoCO Budget:** USD 1,000,000
**Participating countries:**
- Cambodia (lead) & Viet Nam
**Site description:** Phnom Penh and Siem Reap, Cambodia, Hanoi and Hoa Binh, Viet Nam
Establishment of Forest Genetics Research Center for Restoration of Major Timber Species in Cambodia

**Duration:** 2016-2025
**AFoCO Budget:** USD 1,500,000
**Participating country:** Cambodia

**Site description:** Chan Sor & Khun Ream, Siem Reap, Cambodia

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**GENETIC RESEARCH ON TREE IMPROVEMENT**

Re-greening the bare lands in Timor-Leste through promotion of locally customized restoration models

**Duration:** 2021-2024
**AFoCO Budget:** USD 1,000,000
**Participating country:** Timor-Leste

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**AGROFORESTRY DEVELOPMENT**

Development of Agroforestry Models for Promotion of Reforestation in the Different Zones in Timor-Leste

**Duration:** 2021-2024
**AFoCO Budget:** USD 516,700
**Participating country:** Timor-Leste

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**PEST & DISEASE MANAGEMENT**

Integrated Pest and Disease Management in Teak Plantations in Bago Regions, Myanmar

**Duration:** 2020-2025
**AFoCO Budget:** USD 955,360
**Participating country:** Myanmar

**Site description:** Bago Regions, Myanmar

Assessment of Adelgid diversity and distribution in conifer forest of Bhutan to mitigate future outbreaks in Bhutan

**Duration:** 2020-2022
**AFoCO Budget:** USD 32,862
**Participating country:** Bhutan

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**FOREST FIRE MONITORING SYSTEM**

Capacity Building on Enhancing Resilience to Forest Fire and Local Livelihood in CLMV

**Duration:** 5 years
**AFoCO Budget:** USD 8,500,000
**Participating countries:** All AFoCO Parties

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**GIS AND REMOTE SENSING**

Capacity Building on Improving Forest Resources Assessment and Enhancing the Involvement of the Local Communities to Address the Impact of Climate Change

**Duration:** 2013-2016
**AFoCO Budget:** USD 1,847,528
**Participating countries:** Indonesia (Lead), Brunei Darussalam, Cambodia, Lao PDR, Myanmar, Philippines, Thailand, & Viet Nam

**Facilitating the Participatory Planning of Community-based Forest Management Using GIS and RS Technologies in Forest Resources Management**

**Duration:** 2015 –2020
**AFoCO Budget:** USD 1,500,000
**Participating countries:** Philippines, Indonesia, Thailand

**Site description:**
- [Philippines] Pangasinan (R1)/ Albay (RS)/ Davao City (R11)
- [Indonesia] Lampung Province / East Nusa Tenggara / West Sumatra
- [Thailand] Chiang Mai (North) / Kanjanaburi (Central-west)/ Suratthani (South)
### VERTICALLY INTEGRATED APPROACH & NTFPs

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Model Forest for Livelihood Improvement of Forest Dependent Communities through Development of Community-based Enterprise and Forest Conservation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Duration:</strong> 2020-2023</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>AfOCo Budget:</strong> USD 952,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Participating country:</strong> Myanmar</td>
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sustainable Community-based Enterprise development for Improved Rural Livelihood in Bhutan</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Duration:</strong> 2020-2025</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>AfOCo Budget:</strong> USD 1,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Participating country:</strong> Bhutan</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Promotion of Vertical Integration in Wood Processing through People’s Organizations in Community Based Forest Management Areas in the Philippines</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Duration:</strong> 2021-2026</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>AfOCo Budget:</strong> USD 928,821</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Participating country:</strong> Philippines</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Site description:</strong> Agusan del Sur &amp; Negros Oriental</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### COMMUNITY-BASED APPROACH

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Integrated village-driven forest rehabilitation and livelihood improvement in Viengthong district, Bolikhamxay province, Lao PDR</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Duration:</strong> 2021-2026</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>AfOCo Budget:</strong> USD 993,440</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Participating country:</strong> Lao PDR</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Site description:</strong> Viengthong district, Bolikhamxay province, Lao PDR</td>
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</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Developing High Valuable Species as the Mechanism for Sustainable Forest Management and Livelihood Improvement for Local Communities</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Duration:</strong> 2016 –2019</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>AfOCo Budget:</strong> USD 720,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Participating countries:</strong> Viet Nam (lead), Thailand</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Site description:</strong> Cao Bang and Bac Kan provinces, Viet Nam; Nan and Loei provinces, Thailand</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Village-based Forest Rehabilitation in Lao PDR</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Duration:</strong> 2016-2025</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>AfOCo Budget:</strong> USD 1,500,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Participating country:</strong> Lao PDR</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Site description:</strong> Pakson District, Champasak Province &amp; Sangthong District, Vientiane Capital</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### BIODIVERSITY & CONSERVATION

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Domestication of Endangered, Endemic and Threatened Plant Species in Disturbed Terrestrial Ecosystem</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Duration:</strong> 2016 – 2022</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>AfOCo Budget:</strong> USD 1,200,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Participating countries:</strong> Malaysia (lead) &amp; Thailand</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Site description:</strong> Bidor, Perak (Malaysia) Lampang / Takuapa (Thailand)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Research on Forest Enrichment using High Valuable Native Species in Hoa Binh Province, Viet Nam</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Duration:</strong> 2021-2023</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>AfOCo Budget:</strong> USD 35,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Participating countries:</strong> Viet Nam</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Conservation and development of forest ecosystems biodiversity resources at Cat Tien National Park</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Duration:</strong> 2021-2025</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>AfOCo Budget:</strong> USD 1,132,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Participating country:</strong> Viet Nam</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Innovative solution for climate change and biodiversity landscape strategy to support SDGs in Indonesia</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Duration:</strong> 2021-2024</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>AfOCo Budget:</strong> USD 700,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Participating countries:</strong> Indonesia</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Capacity Building for Landscape Approach to Support the Sustainable Natural Resources Management</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Duration:</strong> 2016 – 2019</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>AfOCo Budget:</strong> USD 513,982</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Participating countries:</strong> Philippines (lead), Brunei Darussalam, Indonesia, &amp; Singapore</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Site description:</strong> Berakas Forest Reserve (Brunei Darussalam); Tumbang Nusa Forest (Indonesia); Candelaria, Zambales (Philippines)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Potential Collaboration with World Bank
Why Partner with AFoCO

**Reliability** Direct engagement with the governments of participating countries as Parties to a treaty-based international organization

**Efficiency** Ease of project site selection and project implementation through existing networks

**Expertise** Access to a pool of experts well versed in diverse fields to pursue science-based approaches

**Effectiveness** Maximize impact and ensure sustainability of actions through post-project management and capacity development activities

**Coherence** Create shared value for businesses and communities while addressing the needs of participating stakeholders and Asian countries
2.1 Landscape Partnership Asia (LPA)

**What is LPA?**

LPA is the largest initiative aiming to restore Asian drylands. By 2032, LPA will bring 10 million hectares of degraded drylands and drought-prone areas under integrated dryland management through contributions to national and international restoration targets in Asia.

**Rationale**

Asia has the largest share of the world’s drylands and dry forests, which represent 41% of the world’s land area and are inhabited by 2.5 billion people.

Numerous global initiatives on landscape restoration have appeared in recent years, yet most of these initiatives continue to neglect dryland ecosystems.

Given the extent and social and ecological importance of drylands, specifically in Asia, a targeted initiative for restoring Asian drylands is needed to support national and international goals on sustainable development.

**Key activities:**

- Expanding the scale of proven restoration approaches
- Training and capacity building
- Expanding the scale of financial mechanisms for restoring degraded land and supporting small-to-medium sized enterprises
- Implementing a small grant scheme to assess financial and mainstreaming mechanisms
- Developing policy and mainstreaming
- Knowledge management and monitoring/evaluation

**Expected Outputs:**

- Capture about 181 megatons of CO$_2$e per year
- Create 2.35 million jobs in the first year and an additional 1.45 million jobs thereafter
- Generate about USD 12.6 billion in ecosystem services over 10 years
2.2 Climate LINK

Rationale

Forests remove 2.3 gigatonnes of CO2 equivalent (GtCO2e) annually — equal to one-third of global emissions from fossil fuel combustion. There have been strong calls for inclusive partnerships between governments as well as with private entities to enhance forest carbon sinks in Asia and to cultivate national climate adaptation capacity in forest sectors.

Key activities:

- Research and capacity development to support national climate change adaptation planning and implementation in the forest sector
- Capacity development for monitoring, reporting, and verification of forest carbon, including community-based forest carbon management
- Supporting project identification and design relevant internationally transferred mitigation outcomes (ITMOs)
- Supporting accesses to jurisdictional REDD+ results-based payments
- Establishing and operationalizing an environmental and social safeguard system

* LINK: Lean approach / Integrated solutions / Needs / Key stakeholders
### Forest in Climate Actions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Historic deforestation rate</th>
<th>High</th>
<th>High (LA, MM, TL) Net positive since 1990s (PH)</th>
<th>Low</th>
<th>Low</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Carbon sequestration potential</td>
<td>Moderate - High</td>
<td>Moderate - High</td>
<td>Moderate - High</td>
<td>Low</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Warsaw REDD+ Framework Elements</td>
<td>Fully achieved</td>
<td>Partially achieved (LA, MM, PH)</td>
<td>Partially achieved (BH, TH)</td>
<td>Partially achieved, or yet to be established</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Forest-related MITIGATION commitments/ measures in NDCs</td>
<td>Integrated (GHG target)</td>
<td>Integrated (non-GHG target)</td>
<td>Not integrated (TH)</td>
<td>Integrated (MN: GHG target, KZ: in general)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Forest-related ADAPTATION measures in NDCs</td>
<td>Integrated (VN) Not specified by sector (KH, ID)</td>
<td>Integrated</td>
<td>Integrated</td>
<td>Integrated</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Climate risk vulnerability</td>
<td>High – Very high</td>
<td>Moderate – Very high</td>
<td>Moderate - High</td>
<td>Moderate</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Suggested Cooperation Schemes in Climate Change**
- Cambodia, Indonesia, Viet Nam
- Lao PDR, Myanmar, Timor-Leste, Philippines
- Bhutan, Brunei, Thailand
- Kazakhstan, Mongolia
2.3 Livelihood Improvement through Forest-based Enterprises (LIFE)

- **Rationale**

One out of ten people worldwide live on less than $2 per day. Poverty reduction is one of the top priorities, and in Asia, poverty tends to be relatively more serious in uplands than lowland and mainstream communities, which is closely linked to the causes of deforestation, such as land use changes and fuelwood collection. Efforts toward poverty alleviation, such as small- and medium scale businesses, is needed to sustain local livelihoods while creating job opportunities and promoting economic development.

- **Key activities:**
  - Finding potential local products
  - Fostering local community organizations
  - Developing community business models
  - Expanding social forestry
  - Supporting commercialization
  - Improving distribution channels
**Village-based Forest Rehabilitation in Lao PDR**
2016-2025 / USD 1,500,000/ Paksong District, Champasak Province & Sangthong District, Vientiane Capital, Lao PDR

- Demonstration of village-based forest rehabilitation
- Establishment of ex-situ conservation plantation, enrichment planting in degraded forest areas

**Improved local community livelihood through increased benefits from non-timber forest products (NTFP): Modeling scalable community-based enterprises in Asia**
5 years / USD 4,000,000 / All AFoCO Parties

- Promote nature-based solutions through community-based NTFP enterprises
- Secure balanced resource management through sustainable harvesting protocols, resource mapping & monitoring, policy application
2.4 Earth Garden

Rationale

By 2050, 68% of the global population will live in cities, with more people moving into already crowded spaces. As a way to improve public health during the pandemic era, green spaces provide ecosystem services and play a vital role in the promotion of cities’ sustainability and citizens’ well-being — connecting humans and nature. Therefore it is critical to improve the environment and secure resilience of the cities.

Key activities:

- Establishing botanical gardens
- Eco-tourism
- Developing and conducting ecological education programs
- Developing community gardens
- Establishing carbon neutral gardens
- Long-term monitoring of ecosystems related to climate change
Earth Garden

- **With the aims of**
  1. Carbon-neutral garden
  2. Botanical garden
  3. Community garden
  4. Recreational garden

- **Proposed Areas in**
  1. Siem Reap, Cambodia
  2. Chiang Mai, Thailand
  3. Manila bay, Philippines
  4. Yangon, Myanmar
  5. Jakarta, Indonesia
Rationale

Asia has some of the world’s richest biological diversity and is home to more than one-third of the world’s 36 biodiversity hotspots with significant levels of biodiversity that are facing the threat of destruction (IUCN). Asia’s continued rapid economic development, conflicts within and between countries and anthropogenic climate change threatens further eroding rich biological heritage. Biodiversity is a critical issue for human survival beyond species expansion and hence, efforts to restore and preserve disturbed ecosystems are urgently needed.

Key activities:

- Restoring vulnerable ecosystems
- Mapping and estimating values of vulnerable Asian ecosystems
- Establishing a monitoring, watching, and response system
- Developing PES in conjunction with ecosystem conservation activities
- Developing and operating infrastructure and programs for environmental education
- Organizing community awareness programs
Rehabilitation and Development of Mangrove Forest Ecosystem in Thai Binh Province, Viet Nam 2015-2024 / USD 1,500,000 / Thai Thuy & Tien Hai, Thai Binh Province, Viet Nam

- Supplementary planting and protection of mangrove forest of 960 ha
- Support implementation of regulations

Establishment of Forest Genetics Research Center for Restoration of Major Timber Species in Cambodia 2016 – 2025 / USD 1,500,000 / Chan Sor & Khun Ream, Siem Reap Province, Cambodia

- Selection of plus trees
- Establishment of seed orchard, demonstration plots
- Capacity building in tree breeding
2.6 Landmark Program 2.0

Rationale

There is a need for new talent that can prove the role of forests in developing sustainable management methods for forest resources and implementing Nationally Determined Contributions (NDCs) for each country. In the 2050 net-zero era, these forestry professionals will serve as an important source of knowledge on Asia's forests.

Key activities:

- Establishment of regional/country campuses of the AFoCO RETC.
- Education and training programs targeting government officials, communities, and local entrepreneurs.
- Mid-to-long term research and creation of living labs for field practice based on country-specific characteristics.
- Master's and Doctoral Scholarship Programs.
- Science and Technology Exchange Partnership (STEP) Program.
- Fellowships, internships, and vocational training.
Currently, there is no formal United Nations systems-wide mechanism to enhance cooperation, coordination and coherence on forest related issues. However, global cooperation plays a very strategic role by linking global mechanisms and initiatives with national actions.

The **Asian Forest Cooperation Organization (AFOCO)** as a formal intergovernmental regional body is committed to provide the bridge in order to enhance cross-sectoral cooperation and broaden coordination and coherence among member parties, partner countries and organizations on the sustainable management of forest for the continuous production of economic goods and ecosystems services, biodiversity conservation and climate change mitigation and adaptation.
THANK YOU

http://afocosec.org/

Contact us at Kikang Bae (baekikang@afocosec.org)